

The Camino Portugués has several starting points, the most popular is the city of Porto.

From Lisbon, the route passes through the picturesque towns and villages of the Portuguese countryside, including Coimbra, Porto, and Pontevedra, before reaching Santiago de Compostela.

Along the way, pilgrims can enjoy the unique culture and cuisine of Portugal, including delicious seafood, fresh pastries, and local wines. The Camino Portugués also offers a variety of accommodations, from traditional albergues to more luxurious hotels and guesthouses.

The first few days out of Lisbon as the city streets become industrial zones and the industrial zones become fields and muddy dirt tracks you see less and less people...soon you will wonder if you are the only person walking the camino Portugues, as you will probably be the only person on the road, as most pilgrims start their Camino Portugues in Porto, but you will be rewarded by passing through beautiful Tomar and Coimbra along the way.

Porto is one of the most picturesque cities in the world. Arriving and crossing the Ponte Luis I bridge at sunset was definitely one of the highlights of my walk along the Camino Portugues, the views were incredible and crossing it marked the halfway point of my Camino Portugues.

In Porto you get to choose what Camino route you want to follow as it basically splits into two here.. the Coastal Route and the Interior Route.

From Vila do Conde North it is only about 5 days till you hit the Spanish border... very flat and easy terrain through countless tiny villages and towns like most of the Camino Portugues. Viana do Castello just 2 days from the Spanish border would have been another perfect resting point, but by now I was on a mission to get to Spain, I was longing for good coffee and food.

The early morning boat ride over to Spain was a very chilly but short one... Finally I was back in Spain and ready for my coffee... but it would take another hour or so till I got it, as it was about 8 km till the next village from where the speedboat left us. I still remember the place I had it... a fantastic little rest stop outside of town overlooking the ocean, it is nice to see the changes from one country to the next.

The last few days of the camino through Galicia from Vigo to Santiago are a bit more challenging physically than all of the walk in Portugal, but the beauty of the countryside and villages you get to make it all worthwhile.

Looking back at the whole Camino da Costa Portugues I would say it is one of the most pretty and diverse of them all...

With each step you take along the Portugues the scenery, architecture, people food and culture slowly merge from one to another... the closer you get to Santiago you also start to notice the changes that have taken place inside of you.... from all the wonderful experiences have had and all the wonderful people and places you met along the way.

Whether you are a seasoned pilgrim or a first-time Camino walker, the Camino Portugués offers a unique and unforgettable experience.

It was indeed a Bon Camino ... a Good Way!

Wishing you a Bon Camino!!

### **Guide Index**

The Basics	
When to go	Page 3
Physical preparation	Page 3
Guide Books, Maps and Apps	Page 4
Finding your way	Page 4
Lodging	Page 4
Eating and Food	Page 6
Getting there and away	Page 7
Safety, Health & Insurance	Page 8
Money	Page 8
Business Operating Hours	Page 8
Cell Phone and Wifi Service	Page 8
Camino Passport - Compostela	Page 12
Camino Packing Guide	Page 10
What to Pack for your Camino	Page 10
Luggage - Backpack Transfer Service & Storage	Page 10
Camino Packing Checklist	Page 12
Camino Portugues Stages	
Stage 1 Lisboa > Azambuja	Page 15
Stage 2 Azambuja > Santarém	Page 16
Stage 3 Santarém > Golegã	Page 16
Stage 4 Golegã > Tomar	Page 17
Stage 5 Tomar > Alvarizere	Page 17
Stage 6 Alvarizere > Rabaçal	Page 18
Stage 7 Rabaçal > Coimbra	Page 18
Stage 8 Coimbra > Serandelo	Page 19
Stage 9 Serandelo > Agueda	Page 19
Stage 10 Agueda > Pinheiro	Page 20
Stage 11 Pinhero > Porto	Page 20
Stage 12 Porto > Vila do Conde	Page 21
Stage 13 Vila do Conde > Antas	Page 21
Stage 14 Antas > Carreçeo Stage 15 Carreço > Camhina	Page 22 Page 22
Stage 16 Caminha > Baiona	Page 23
Stage 17 Baiona > Vigo	Page 23
Stage 18 Vigo > Pontevedra	Page 24
Stage 19 Pontevedra > Caldas del Rey	Page 24
Stage 20 Caldas del Rey > Santiago de Compostela	Page 25

# **Camino Getting Ready to Go: The Basics**

#### When to go:

When the best time to go is one of the biggest questions one will encounter when planning a Camino. A typical camino usually lasts anywhere from 7 to 33 days depending on route and one's own walking pace. Giving yourself a few rest days in between and at the end of your walk will also determine how long you should plan your trip for and are highly recommended.

Weather wise the best time of the year to walk are Spring - April through June and Fall Mid September to early November. The worst time to walk is August as not only can the weather on some of the routes be very hot, but August is also the major holiday month in Spain, which makes finding accommodations much more difficult no matter what route you are on, specially on the last week stretch of the Camiino Frances from Sarria on words as it is very popular and can be near to impossible to find accommodations on in August. Even if you are not walking the Frances it is something to consider as the Norte, Primmitivo and Via de la Plata all merge into the Frances towards the end.

If you want solitude and don't mind the cold, rain or snow then the winter months are a good time to enjoy the camino. Services and albergues will be fewer so you may have to resort to staying in a Hostal every now and then but usually there will always be one Albergue open at the end of each stage. There is a list of albergues that gets updated regularly available online published by Aprinca click here to get it.

### **Physical preparation:**

Preparing yourself physically for the Caminos stresses on your body is near to impossible, but as long as you are in a reasonably healthy state and are used to walking a few kilometers a day you should be able to make it all the way to Santiago. Walking 10 to 30 kilometers for 6 to 8 hrs a day is not easy, but it also is not the hardest thing in the world as long as you follow a few simple rules.

Before you head out on your camino be sure to walk at least 5 to 10 kilometers every other day before setting out. Do a trail day hike in the woods with all the gear. Test your backpack and make sure it is a good fit. If you can stand a full day hiking without a problem you should be ready. But remember:

- Wear proper fitting and well broken-in footwear.
- Make sure your backpack weighs as little as possible. ( aim for less than 10% of your body weight )
- Walk at your own pace... it is not a race.
- Listen to your body.
- Know your limits.

Listen to your body and know your limits... I have seen countless pilgrims half my age push themselves too far, not get very far...Don't be one of them!

Aches and pains will happen, but as long as you pay attention to them and don't try to ignore the messages your body is sending you should, you will be fine. It's when you don't pay attention to the warning signs and just keep on pushing yourself beyond your limit day after day that your body will finally let you know it has had enough and prevent you from going any further, taking day or two break so that your body can heal is way better than having to break off your camino or breaking yourself...

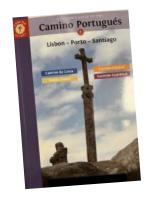
Know when to stop and rest, pace yourself...remember it is not a race!

#### **Guide Books, Maps and Apps:**

Guidebooks such as Wise Pilgrim or John Brierley's guides are great help If you want to know more about the route you are on and its history. Most guidebooks include extensive information about the towns and villages you will pass through and also have detailed maps and route profiles so that you will be able to see what to expect ahead. The only real negative about guidebooks is that they tend to weigh a lot.. Usually more than 2 or 3 tshirts!

For this reason I recommend smartphone app such as Buen Camino, Gronze or Camino Ninja instead, as they provide much os the same information and don't weigh you down, but also give you the added benefit of having a live map so that you always know exactly where you are, which is very helpful when you are wondering if you are actually still on the correct route.

Apps for iPhone:



for Android:		
A Pilgrim Guide Series Wise Pilgrim Series	Buen Camino Camino Ninia	Buen Camino Camino Ninja
	Wise Pilgrim Camino Tool Gronze	Wise Pilgrim Camino Tool Gronze

#### Finding your way:

**Book Guides:** 

Whilst guidebooks and maps will help you plan your journey, you really don't need them as getting lost on the Camino is virtually impossible, not only because there are many apps to help you navigate the route, but because a priest



called Elías Valiña drove across the whole north of Spain on his Citroën GS packed with yellow paint, painting bright yellows arrows to indicate the right way at the various tricky crossroads along the trail leading to Santiago.

**Apps** 

In Portugal you will usually also see a blue arrow guiding the way to Fatima.

Nowadays they have become an ubiquitous symbol of the camino... and can be found everywhere from t-shirts to bandanas.

After a day or two you become an expert at spotting the arrows that are basically everywhere from lamposts to trees to rocks...

#### Lodging:

There are some amazing places to stay along the camino in Portugal and Spain ranging from simple rustic country houses to ultra modern 5 star luxury hotels.

Hotels and Hostales range from 1 to 5 stars, and Albergues the most common lodging used by pilgrims on the camino come in three categories: Municipal, Private and Donatio.

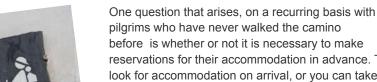
Municipal Albergues are usually run by the town or city they are in and are usually quite basic in their offerings. In Galicia most albergues are run by the Xunta de Galicia and are usually very nice and modern.

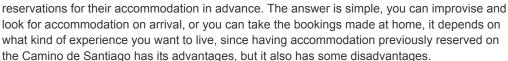
Private Albergues tend to be more comfortable than the Municipal ones and offer blankets and washing machines, but are also more expensive.

Most albergues have a kitchen where one can cook, most private albergues will offer a communal dinner and basic breakfast at an additional charge.

The distinctions between Hotels and Hostels depend on the services offered. Some Hostels are as good as 5 Star hotels. Then there are also Casa Rurales or Posadas, which are more like a B&B's and are usually only found in rural areas.

My favorite place to stay are Paradores Nacionales which are government run hotels that usually are found in fantastic historic locations. They are a bit more pricey, but definitely worth splurging for every now and then.





The main advantage of booking accommodation is that you avoid having to search for a place to sleep at the end of a long day's walk, and that you also will have a place to forward your baggage ahead if you don't want to carry it. But by doing so will also be less flexible to spontaneously change your plans and the adventure factor of your trip will be gone.

In the holiday season and in August when most of Spain takes their Summer vacation, it is a good idea to book ahead a day or two ahead, as it can sometimes be quite difficult to find a free bed. But as long as you stay flexible or don't mind paying a few euros more you can always graba a bus or taxi to the next larger town and stay there and then backtrack the next morning, but rest assured you will never be left out on the street without a place to sleep at night.



If you want the most authentic Camino walking experience, you definitely will want to stay in Albergues as often as possible. The dorm rooms usually can sleep anywhere from 4 to 40 people, and cost anywhere from €8 to €15 for a bunk bed per night. They are the cheapest option when walking the camino.

Most Municipal Albergues require you to have a sleeping bag or sleeping bag liner as no blankets are provided. Some charge €1 extra for disposable sheets. Most private albergues provide blankets and sheets, some even provide you with a fresh towel for free.

At Municipal Albergues lights are out at 10 pm and you have to leave by 8 am the next morning, and will not be able to stay a second night unless it is an emergency.

Also most Albergues Municipales require you to have a *Credencial de Peregrino* in order for you to stay and don't accept reservations and do not accept credit cards. The Credencial is a passport you get at the start of your pilgrimage, that you get stamped wherever you stay. You always have to show your credencial and passport when checking in. You can call after 1 PM and usually they will tell you if they have beds available... but you cannot reserve a bed.

A few of the Albergues along the camino are donation based, which means that they are funded by the donations that pilgrims give. Many people believe that they can get away with leaving no or very little money... and because of this they are becoming fewer and fewer due to the fact that some pilgrims equate a donation to being free...

Albergues are a nice place to meet and hang out with fellow pilgrims seeing most pilgrims are exhausted from the day's walk. They are very nice and quiet after 10 PM... Except for the occasional snorer, so bring earplugs!

If you are walking with another person, getting your private room is not much more expensive than getting two bunks at an Albergue, but you will be missing out on the camaraderie that develops when staying at them which is a big part of the camino experience.

Most hotels and albergues have washers and dryers, municipal ones mostly only offer some kind of hand washing facility and drying line. Washing machines can cost anywhere from €5 to €6 and Drying about €2 to €4.

## **Accomodation Prices range:**

Albergue Municipal: €8 to €15
Private Albergue: €10 to €20

**Donativo Albergue:** €8 to €12 Donation

 Hostal:
 €15 to €50

 Hotel:
 €30 to €150

 Parador Nacional:
 €70 to €350

### **Hotel Booking Sites and Apps:**

Bookings.com Hostelworld.com

Hotels.com Trivago.com Agoda.com Paradores.es Gronze.com

NOTE: If you are walking a camino in the winter be sure to get the Aprinca list of Albergues that are open click here to get it.

#### **Eating and Food:**

Portugal and Spain have some of the best restaurants and food of Europe, but if you stick to eating the Pilgrim Menu and always eat in the albergues along the camino every night you would never know...

Most albergues offer a communal dinner in the evening, which is a nice way to spend your evening meeting and exchanging

stories with your fellow pilgrims after a long day's hike. While it is a nice experience, most of the time the menu is the same no matter where you go: soup, salad, a main dish usually consisting of some kind of meat that comes with french fries and then a desert of flan or tarta santiago... and plenty of red wine and casera to wash it all down with. Usually the meal will cost about 12 to 15 Euros and while this is not much, after a few evenings you will notice that not only are all places serving you the same basic meal .... it all pretty much tastes the same...

You can usually do way better for the money eating out at any restaurant in town.

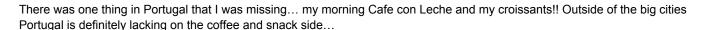
The same goes for breakfast... Most albergues offer very basic breakfast of toast, jam and coffee that costs you way more than a good coffee and croissant and fresh orange juice in a bar. In Portugal,

finding a cafe in the morning is not as easy as in Spain that has fantastic cafes in most any town or village along

the camino where you can get a good cafe con leche for about €1.20 to €2.50, starting as early as 6.30 AM in the morning. If you are hungry for a snack in Portugal a Pan de Chorizo or a Pastel de Nata are usually your only choice for €1 or €2.... In Spain a slice or Tortilla or a Bocadillo de Jamon or Queso will usually hold you over till the next meal and will only set you back €3 or €4.

During lunch hours from 1 till 4 pm most restaurants serve a Menu or "Menu del Dia" which usually includes a starter, main dish and dessert and includes a drink (wine) and bread.... Sometimes they even include a coffee. A decent menu will usually run anywhere from €10 to €15 ,but you get so much food that you usually will not have to

eat dinner and usually the food is exceptional. If you are not all that hungry you can also order a  $\frac{1}{2}$  Menu.



Finding a good restaurant or cafe is easily done using Google Maps or asking the host at your albergue or hotel.



### Getting there and away:

Getting to your starting point along the Camino Portugues is pretty easy. Lisbon and Porto have well connected international airports. Getting into town is pretty straight forward as both are on the bus or taxi.

Traveling by train or bus I is also a good option. The main rail line between Lisbon and Porto runs pretty much parallel to the Camino from Lisbon to Porto, so it is very easy to hop on or off at any given point if needed. Santarém, Tomar, Coimbra and Porto

train stations are well served, but there are countless smaller stations along the line and camino.



Comboios de Portugal is the national rail operator in Portugal. They offer a high speed line between Porto and Lisbon and also offer regional services that operate between the smaller towns. Sadly there is no direct train connecting Portugal and Spain, so you have to switch services at the border.

For timetables and reservations: Comboios de Portugal

Renfe is the Spanish Rail company that runs trains from Santiago to Madrid. If you travel from Madrid North you will be leaving the Chamartin Train Station which is reachable via the Madrid Metro. There are various different train services: AVE is the high speed rail service. Usually it is a bit more expensive than the rest. Intercity and ACLEA are the other options. If you are traveling between cities in the North usually you will do so on the RENFE Regional lines which are slower and less expensive, but usually run several times every hour.

If you are planning to leave Santiago de Compostela by rail, be sure to book your train ticket well in advance as it is not unusual for the trains leaving Santiiago to get fully booked days ahead, especially during long weekends and holidays. For timetables and reservations:

#### RENFE.es

Most major cities along the camino in Portugal are also well connected by bus. Buses in Portugal and Spain are very reasonable and literally every little town has a bus stop that will get you to the next larger city.

Flixbus is a major bus company operating in Portugal and Spain. In Galicia Monbus runs the intercity lines. Tickets can be purchased on the bus. If you are traveling long distance you will need to book the ticket in advance, either online or at the bus station.

The new bus station in Santiago is now conveniently located next to the train station.

For timetables and reservations:

AVANAZA.com MONBUS.com FlixBUS.com



Taxis are available almost anywhere along the camino. If you need you can call one to pick you up along the camino if you become tired or can not walk any more.

#### Safety, Health & Insurance:

Spain is a very safe country, but petty crime still happens, so beware of your belongings at all times even in the albergues. Always carry your passport and cash on you, do not leave them in your hotel or albergue dorm.

To keep my passport and extra credit cards safe, I use a hidden RF blocking pocket from Eagle Creek that attaches to my belt and tucks it into my pants. For the nighttime or when going to the shower I have a small Pacsafe safe-pouch that I can attach to the frame of the bed where I can put all my valuables in.

#### https://pacsafe.com/

Doctors, dentists and Hospitals and Clinics in Portugal and Spain are of international standards and are much less expensive than the USA. Most big cities have hospitals and smaller towns have emergency clinics that in Spain they are called Ambulatorios. Most every town and village will have a pharmacy that can be spotted form afar because of its neon green cross. Bigger towns usually have at least one that is open 24 hrs and its location will be posted at ones that are closed as "Farmacia de Turno".

It is a good idea to have travel insurance with emergency repatriation coverage in case needed.

The Emergency Services Telephone number in Spain is 112

#### Money:

Portugal and Spain run on the Euro. Credit Cards are accepted at hotels and most restaurants and bars. Most albergues do not accept credit cards. Use banks to exchange money as exchange houses usually charge very high exchange rates. ATM's work very well and even the smallest towns usually have a bank and ATM. La Caxia and Unicajal charge the lowest ATM fees, Santander, if you use Charles Shwab Debit Card you pay no withdrawal fee, which can be as high as €7 to €8

Calculate on spending at least anywhere between €30 to € 50 a day.

#### **Business Operating Hours:**

Portugal uses UTC Spain runs on UTC +1, but beware that Spain is famous for its sesta time, which means that from 1.30 to 4.30 pm most all shops CLOSE!

Restaurants, bars and cafes do not close and stay OPEN during siesta time...



To most first time pilgrims this is very confusing.

It is also worth noting that most municipal albergues will not let you check in till after 1.30 pm even if you arrive early some will not even store your luggage, they lock the front door at 10 pm and you must leave by 8 am.

It is also worth noting that a very high percentage of small businesses in Spain are closed for holidays in August.

Store Opening hours: 9 am to 1 pm - 4.30 till 8.30 Bank hours: 8 am to 1 pm Restaurant Opening hours: Lunch 1 pm till 4.30 pm, Dinner 8 till 12 pm. Cafe Opening hours: 6 am till 8.30 pm Bar Opening hours: 9 am till 1 am Albergue

Municipal: Check in after 1.30 pm - Door Closed 10 pm - Check out 8 am

#### **Cell Phone and Wifi Service:**

Most every cafe, bar and albergue and hotel in Portugal and Spain offer free wifi. If you need to ask for a password ask for the "clave" If you have an unlocked cellphone simply buy a local prepaid SIM Card from Movistar, Vodaphone or Orange upon arrival at the airport in Madrid and add call minutes and data as needed. It will save you a lot of money in data and roaming charges in the long run. A 30 day unlimited call and text plus 15 gb data cost about €20.

#### **Pilgrims Passport - Credencial:**

Every pilgrim on the Camino should carry his Passport and also a Pilgrims Passport or Credencial, which serves as proof that you are a pilgrim and also that you have walked the Stage s. In Municipal Albergues and Pilgrims Albergues it is required.

The Credencial is like a passport that gets stamps at every Albergue or Hotel with their stamp, their unique stamp and date of passage which serves as proof that you have walked that Stage.

In order to get your Compostela Certificate that states that you have completed your pilgrimage to Santiago de Compostela you need to **get 2 stamps a day on the last 100 kms of Camino.** 





Bars and restaurants along the camino will also offer stamps making this requirement a pretty fun experience.

When you arrive in Santiago de Compostela you can get a very pretty Pilgrims Certificate with your name written in latin issued for free at the <u>Pilgrims Reception</u> <u>Office</u> which is located just below the Plaza of the Cathedral. For an extra 3 euros they will give you an official distance certificate, in case nobody believes you walked so much.

Collecting the stamps along the way is a fun exercise and will bring back good memories when you go over them years later.

**NOTE:** It is a good idea to get one beforehand as many times it is quite difficult getting one along the way. You can purchase a Credencial in advance from <u>Casa Ivar</u> and they will send it to you, else the Tourist office or Cathedral at your starting point are your best places to try to get one.

# **Camino Packing Guide**

### What to Pack for your Camino:

Two of the biggest mistakes people make when setting off on the Camino is overpacking and overthinking what they will need for a long walk on the Camino. I myself was very guilty of this on my first camino, this is why I am including a basic packing checklist as a guideline for you to

follow so that you do not make the same mistake..

Weight is your biggest enemy when walking, if you don't pay attention to how much you are carrying in your backpack sooner or later your body or feet will pay the price...

A good rule of thumb is that **your pack should not weigh more than 10%** of your body weight. If you stick to that rule you will definitely have a much more pleasant and easy walk.

One thing you should know, that I didn't, is that there are washing machines or laundromats most anywhere you will stay along the way, so clean clothes are never a problem.

Many "pro" pilgrims only pack one extra change of clothes and do a quick hand wash upon of their t-shirt and underwear and socks upon arriving at wherever they are staying; whist this is a great strategy if you want to walk with the least amount of weight and clothes, you will be forced to do your wash every day and will be worrying if your clothes will be dry by morning.

I personally recommend having 3 sets of underwear and t-shirts and socks, and 1 pair of long or convertible pants and some short pants, that way you don't have to be washing every day and get more time to explore and relax.

As far as footwear I highly recommend that whatever you decide to take boots or trail runners, you walk at least 100 km in them before you start your walk, that way you will not have as many problems with blisters and sore feet. High quality hiking socks are the second most important blister prevention tool, I can't stress this enough... do not use cheap tube socks... you will pay the price in blisters!

Having a pair of flip flops will make the walk to and from the showers in the albergues more pleasant and also give you feet some fresh air and relief after a long day's walk. I personally like to take two pairs of shoes either 2 trail runners or a pair of boots and trail runners, just so I can give my feet a break and change every now and then.

As far as sleeping bags go, most Municipal Albergues require you to use one or to use a sleeping bag liner as they do not provide blankets. Most provide you with disposable sheets that really are terrible, so taking a sleeping bag or liner for the summer months is recommended, as it will weigh you down.

Just remember that each liter of water and all those snacks you carry also count to the total weight...

#### **Luggage - Backpack Forwarding - Transport:**

You can always tell a true pilgrim from the rest as they most always are lugging their big backpack along as opposed to strolling along with a small day pack. Many short term or weekend pilgrims opt not to walk with their backpacks and have their luggage forwarded on from one stage to the next as they walk the Camino.

Using the luggage transport service is a good option if you have any physical ailments or problems or simply don't want to burden yourself with a large backpack.

One thing to keep in mind is that you need have to have a specific location (hotel or private albergue) to send your luggage to, so you will need to make a reservation at a hotel or private albergue, as Municipal Albergues do not accept reservations or luggage ( they are on a first come first served basis) and will not accept your bags if you are not there.

The cost per bag is anywhere from €5 to €12 depending on service and time of year. In the summer most routes offer this service, in the winter months the service is limited and more expensive.

If you have an onward trip that doesn't involve backpacking after you arrive in Santiago de Compostela an option is to send your non backpacking luggage to the Correos in Santiago or else send it to Casa Ivar in Santiago for safe keeping till you arrive. Once you finish the Camino you will be able to pick up your suitcase in the office that Correos has next to the Cathedral of Santiago (Rúa do Franco, 4). They store them for up to 45 days so you can walk the Camino calmly and worry-free. There is a small per day fee that they charge, but you will have the peace of mind knowing your luggage is safe and sound.

If you just want to leave your backpack somewhere for a few hours while exploring Santiago the Pilgrims House offers free backpack storage.

For more information on all of these these services visit:

Transport:Storage:CorreosCasa IvarJacotransPilgrims House

Caminofacil

# **Camino Packing Checklist**

☐ Hiking Backpack	28L to 40L - ca. 10% of your body weight when full
CLOTHING:	
☐ 3x T-Shirts	Merino or Quick Dry Wicking Synthetic. Avoid cotton (Heavy & Slow Drying)
☐ 1x Long sleeve shirt	For protection from sun and cold.
<ul><li>☐ 1x Long Hiking Pants</li><li>☐ 1x Hiking shorts</li></ul>	Or Convertible Pants - Flexible and Light and fast drying
☐ 3x Underwear	Ex Officio Wicking - Fast Drying
☐ 1x Sweater - Fleece	Polartec or Smartwool
☐ 1x Warm Down Jacket W	From October to May
☐ 1x Light Rain Jacket	For in town or light drizzles and windy Stages
☐ 1x Backpacking Poncho	Over backpack type will keep you and your backpack dry!
☐ 1x Hat or Wool Cap	Sun / Cold protection
☐ Gloves W	From October to May
FOOTWEAR:	
☐ 1 x Hiking Boots	Be sure to break them in well before setting out on your camino!
☐ 1x Trail Runners	For summer months and asphalt sections.
☐ 1x Flip Flops	For albergue showers and airing feet
☐ 3 x Good Hiking socks	
your footwear one size larger than you norn runner or two sets of trail runners as it is ni Next to your well worn in shoes, your socks you use good quality hiking socks, not the or	out considerably from walking many hours a day, so it is a good idea that you purchase nally would. I also recommend taking 2 pairs of shoes, either one boot and one trail ce not to have to wear the same shoes all the time, especially after a long day's walk are going to be the most important protection against blisters and sore feet, so be sure sheap 10 pack tube socks they will make a big difference. I recommend Wigwam and more expensive at first but you will not be paying the price later.
SLEEPING:	
☐ Sleeping Bag W	Required in some Albergues.
☐ Sleeping Bag Liner S	For warm weather instead of Sleeping bag
☐ Pillow Case	Also can double as a laundry bag.
☐ Earplugs	To get rest in Albergue

BATHING:	
<ul><li>☐ Quick Dry Towel</li><li>☐ Toiletry Kit</li></ul>	Most albergues don't offer towels Toothbrush, Razor, Travel Size Toothpaste, Soap + Shampoo,
HIKING GEAR:	
<ul><li>☐ Hiking Poles</li><li>☐ Knee Support Braces</li></ul>	They will give you extra support on downhill and on the uphill sections If you have problems with your knees I recommend taking a pair
☐ First Aid Kit ☐ Sunscreen S&W ☐ Lip Protection	Ibuprofen, Vaseline, Compeed, Band Aids, Blister & BandageTape
☐ Water Bottle/Camelback	750cc to 1L Remember that each liter of water is 1 more kg you carry
☐ Headlight / Flashlight	For early morning start - Night in dorms
<ul><li>□ Phone</li><li>□ Camera</li><li>□ Headphones</li></ul>	Chargers, Cables and Adapters Chargers, Cables, SD Card, Batteries
☐ Watch - Fitness Tracker	Charger
NON ESSENTIAL EXTRAS:	
<ul><li>☐ Hiking Umbrella</li><li>☐ Swiss Army Knife</li></ul>	For sun and rain / drizzle
☐ Gaiters	Keeps gravel and mud out of boots and pants
☐ Power Bank	For extra charge for phone and other electronics
<ul><li>☐ Compression Sacks</li><li>☐ Backpack Rain Cover</li></ul>	Keep things organized and save some space in your backpack
☐ Guide Book - Apps	I recommend apps over books as it can weigh as much as 3 t-shirts!
☐ Small Day Pack	Small bag or backpack for shopping - sightseeing trips
NOTE: If you forgot anything or need to rep	lace any hiking gear, Decathlon is a major sporting gear chain that has large outlets in

**NOTE:** If you forgot anything or need to replace any hiking gear, Decathlon is a major sporting gear chain that has large outlets in Sevilla, Merida, Caceres, Salamanca and Ournese. They stock pretty much anything you may need for hiking at very reasonable prices. You can also buy on Amazon.es and ship to their drop boxes that are available in most big cities in Spain.

Decathlon.com

Amazon.com

Rei.com

W= Recommended in Winter S = Recommended in Summer

## LISBON TO SANTIAGO via PORTO STAGES

#### Start

#### Lisboa

**Highlights of the Day:** Streets of Lisbon - Cathedral - Walk along the Douro River - Riding Streetcars - Monastery

### Worthwhile Seeing and doing:

Cathedral

Chiado Area - Shopping
Barrio Alto Bars - Nightlife
Castelo St George Castle
Ride the Street Cars
Ride Elevador da Bica
Eat a biffana at Alonso's
Time Out Market food court.

Graffiti Tour

Visit the the <u>Jeronimos Monastery</u>
Watch Sunset at <u>Miradouro Santa Catarina</u>
City views from <u>Miradouro Sao Pedro de Alcantara</u>

### **Shopping:**

LX Factory - Hip industrial loft - shops
EmbaiXada - Cool mini boutique shopping
Decathlon - Hiking gear - Close to camino on exit!

#### Day Trips:

<u>Cascais</u>\*\*\*\* - Cute but Touristy seaside town - 55 min train from <u>Cais do Sodre Station</u> <u>Sintra</u>\*\*\*\* - Very touristy but has a nice old town - 55 min train from <u>Rossio Station</u>

Stay: Lisbon Colors Apartments Barrio Alto W&D,K,B Incl

Raw Culture Lofts Barrio Alto - Hip Browns Downtown Hotel Central - Hip

<u>Hotel Mondial</u> Central <u>Intendente 1865</u> Cheap

Eat: Cervejeria Ramiro - Seafood \$\$\$

<u>As Bifanas do Alonso</u> - Fast Food \$
<u>Zero Zero</u> - Great pizza and Garden
<u>The Green Affair</u> - Chiado - Vegan \$

Copenhagen Coffee Lab - Chiado - Coffee

Chiado Cafe - Good pastel de nata



## Lisboa > Azambuja

Services: A,H,S,R,B,C,P - Rail, Bus

Population: 21.814 District: Lisbon Region: Alentejo

Stage Distance: 47.7 km - 29.4 miles

Stage Difficulty: Easy

Terrain: Flat

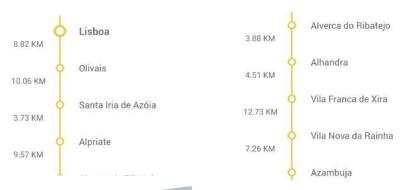
Walking Surface: Street, Busy Road, Dirt Road

Scenery: City, Industrial, Fields

Highlight of the Day: Streets of Lisbon - Lisboa Cathe

Walking alongside Douro River

Stay: Casa de Rainha K





## Stage 2

# Azambuja > Santarém\*\*\*

Services: A,H,Pa,S,R,B,C,P,Ti Rail, Bus

Population: 58.1614 District: Santarem Region: Leziria de Tejo

Stage Distance: 32.1 km - 20.6 miles

Stage Difficulty: Easy

Terrain: Flat

Walking Surface: Dirt Road

Scenery: Fields

Highlight of the Day: View over Douro River

from Castle in Santarem

Stay: Santarem Hostel\*\*\*\* W,B Incl





## Santarém > Golegã

Services: A,H,S,R,B,C,P,Ti

Population: 5.937 District: Santarem Region: Leziria de Tejo

2 November

Stage Distance: 37.6 - 23.4 Miles

Stage Difficulty: Easy

Terrain: Flat

Walking Surface: Dirt Road, Dangerous Road!!

Scenery: Open Fields, Villages

Highlight of the Day: Field with church outside

of Golega

Stay: Casa da Tia Guida Lusitanus Hotel





# Stage 4

## Golegã > Tomar\*\*\*\*

Services: A,H,Pa,S,R,B,C,P,Ti - Rail, Bus

Population: 40.776 District: Santarem Region: Centro

Stage Distance: 31.5 km - 19.6 miles

Stage Difficulty: Easy Terrain: A bit hilly

Walking Surface: Dirt Road, Narrow Roads

Scenery: Fields & Villages

**Highlight of the Day:** Old Town of Tomar, <u>Convento de Cristo</u>\*\*\*\*, <u>Walking on Aqueduct</u>

**Stay:** Hostel 2300 Thomar\*\*\*\* W&D,B,K **Eat:** Taverna Antigua\*\*\* Medieval Restaurant

Hanne Cafe Great coffee!!





### Tomar > Alvaiázere

Services: A,H,S,R,B,C,P

Population: 7.278 Province: Leiria Region: Centro

Stage Distance: 32.9 km - 20.5 miles

**Stage Difficulty:** Easy **Terrain:** Hilly at first then flat.

Walking Surface: Dirt Road, Asphalt Road

Scenery: Hilly

Highlight of the Day: Morning walk by river

outside of Tomar

Stay: O Bras Hotel D

Eat: O Bras Restaurant



# Stage 6

# Alvaiázere > Rabaçal

Services: A,H,S,R,B,C,P

Population: na

District: Region:

Stage Distance: 26.38 km - 16.4 miles

Stage Difficulty: Easy

**Terrain:** Flat for the most, some hills **Walking Surface:** Road, Dirt Road **Scenery:** Olive groves, Fields

Highlight of the Day: Olive Groves

**Stay:** Albergue O Bonita W,B,L **Eat:** O Cantinha do Clothilde





## Rabaçal > Coimbra\*\*\*\*

Services: A,H,S,R,B,C,P,Ti Rail, Bus

Population: 143.936 District: Coimbra Region: Centro

Stage Distance: 37 km - 23 miles

Stage Difficulty: Easy

Terrain: Flat

Walking Surface: Dirt Road, Asphalt Roads, Streets

Scenery: Fields, Villages, Urban

Highlight of the Day: Exploring Coimbra

and its University

Stay: Hotel Astoria\* \*\*\* B,Di

Eat: Cordel





# Stage 8

## Coimbra > Sernadelo

Services: A,H,S,R,B,C,P

**Population:** na **District:** Averio

Region:

Stage Distance: 25.5 km - 15.9 miles

Stage Difficulty: Easy

Terrain: Flat

Walking Surface: Streets, Asphalt Road Scenery: City, Villages & Open Fields

Highlight of the Day: Villages along the way.

Stay: Residencial Hilerio W,Di

Eat: Albergue restaurant\*\*\*\* Great food!





# Sernadelo > Águeda

Services: A,H,Pa,S,R,B,C,P,Ti

Population: 80.932 District: Aveiro

Region:

Stage Distance: 25.5 km - 15.8 miles

Stage Difficulty: Easy

Terrain: Flat

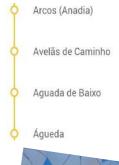
Walking Surface: Road, Dirt Road

Scenery: Villages, Fields, Eucalyptus Forest

Highlight of the Day: Exploring the town of Agueda and it Umbrellas

Stay: Albergue Hostel and Friends W&D,B incl







## Stage 10

# Águeda > Pinheiro

Services: A
Population: na
District: na
Region: na

Stage Distance: 31.5 km - 19.6 miles

Stage Difficulty: Easy

Terrain: Flat

Walking Surface: Street, Dirt Road

Scenery: Fields, Eucalyptus Forest, Villages

Highlight of the Day: Mohino Garcia Albergue

and Waterfall Shower

Stay: Albergue Mohino Garcia\*\*\*\*\* W&D,B,Di,K

Eat: Communal Meal Mohino Garcia





## Pinheiro > Porto\*\*\*\*

Services: A,H,S,R,B,C,P Air,Rail,Bus,Metro

Population: 135.189 District: Porto

Region: Norte

**Note:** I took an unofficial route via the coast using Google maps, as the host said the official route was

all road and boring!

Stage Distance: 55.9 km - 34.8 miles

Stage Difficulty: Very Easy

Terrain: Flat

Walking Surface: Road, Dirt Road,

Wooden Board Walk

Scenery: Forest, Fields, Industrial, Beach,

**Resort Towns** 

Highlight of the Day: Sunset on Bridge

Stay: Oporto House \*\*\*\* B

Eat: Mercado Bom Successo - Good food court!

Buy: Decathlon - Hiking gear



## Porto > Vila do Conde\*\*\*\*

Services: A,H,S,R,B,C,P,Ti Air,Rail,Bus,Metro

Population: 79.563 District: Porto Region: Norte

Stage Distance: 41.9 km - 26.1 miles

Stage Difficulty: Very Easy

Terrain: Flat

Walking Surface: Streets, Wooden BoardWalk

**Scenery:** City, Beach, Fishing Villages, Resort Towns

**Highlight of the Day:** Walking on the boardwalk and the typical fishing villages, the modernHI Albergue

Stay: Alberque Hosteling International\*\*\*\*\* B Inc.

Fantastic Albergue!!!

Eat: Restaurante Farol - Seafood

**DARZ Burger** - Amazing burgers!!

— = Alternative Route — = Official Route





#### Vila do Conde > Antas

Services: *H,S,R*Population: na

District:
Region: Norte

Stage Distance: 29.2 km - 18.2 miles

Stage Difficulty: Very Easy

Terrain: Flat

Walking Surface: Streets, Wooden BoardWalk

Scenery: Beach, Villages

Highlight of the Day: Viana de Castello

& Village of Antas

Stay: Albergue Marhinas

Antas Guest House\*\*\*\* W,B,K

Eat: Restaurante Carrioca





## Stage 14

## Antas > Carreço

Services: A,H,S,R,B,C,P Rail, Bus

Population: NA

**District: Viana do Castelo** 

Region: Norte

Stage Distance: 21.07 km - 13.1 miles

Stage Difficulty: Easy Terrain: A bit hilly

Walking Surface: Streets, Dirt Roads

Scenery: Villages, Forest

**Highlight of the Day:** Vianan do Castelo, Villages on the way. Hospitality at Albergue!

Stay: Albergue Casa do Saradao\*\*\*\* W&D,K

Eat: Restaurante Sergio\*\*\*\* Best steak in Portugal





## Carreço > Caminha

Services: A,H,S,R,B,C,P,Ti Rail, Bus

Population: 16.648 District: Viana do Castelo

Region: Norte

Stage Distance: 21.07 km - 13.1 miles

Stage Difficulty: Very Easy

Terrain: Flat

Walking Surface: Cobble Stone Streets,

Wooden Board Walk

Scenery: Villages, Rugged Seafront

Highlight of the Day: Walking along Rugged

Seashore and Beaches

Stay: Hostel Arca Nova \*\*\* K,V,B incl

Eat: Solar do Pescado (Michelin Guide Recommended)



# Stage 16

#### Caminha > Baiona

Services: A,H,Pa,S,R,B,C,P Rail, Bus

Population: 12.134 Province: Pontevedra Region: Galicia

18 November

Stage Distance: 41.8 km - 26 miles Stage Difficulty: Easy - But Long

Terrain: Flat

Walking Surface: Wooden Board Walk,

**Asphalt Road** 

Scenery: Rugged Seafront, Villages

**Highlight of the Day:** The speedboat ride over to Spain - Seeing woman collect Percebes

Stay: Alberque Estella do Mar\*\*\* W&D,B,K





## Baiona > Vigo\*\*\*\*

Services: A,H,S,R,B,C,P Rail, Bus

Population: 293.567 Province: Pontevedra Region: Galicia

Stage Distance: 33.3 - 20.7 miles Stage Difficulty: Moderate - Long

Terrain: Flat

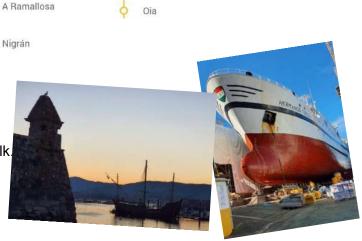
Walking Surface: Streets, Dirt Path, Roads, Boardwlk,

Scenery: City, Forest, Beach, City

Highlight of the Day: Port of Baiona at sunrise

Exploring Vigo and its Ship Yards

Stay: Albergue Municipal de Vigo\*\*\* W&D,K



Priegue

Saiáns

0.90 KM

2.86 KM

Baiona

Sabarís

3.19 KM

1.45 KM

3.80 KM

3.92 KM

Coruxo

Vigo

# Stage 18

# Vigo > Pontevedra

Services: A,H,S,R,B,C,P Rail, Bus

Province: Pontevedra Region: Galicia

**Stage Distance:** 35.8 km - 22.3 miles **Stage Difficulty:** Moderate - But Long

Terrain: Flat

Walking Surface: Streets, Dirt Path, Roads

Scenery: City, Forest, Beach, City

Highlight of the Day: Forest walk outside of Vigo

Villages along the way.

Stay: Albergue dPaso\*\*\*\* W&D,K

Albergue Municipal Virxe

Eat: A Casa de Piedra





## Pontevedra > Caldas de Rei\*\*\*

Services: A,H,S,R,B,C,P Bus

Population: 9.860 Province: A Coruna Region: Galicia

Stage Distance: 22.8 km - 14.2 miles

Stage Difficulty: Moderate

Terrain: Hilly

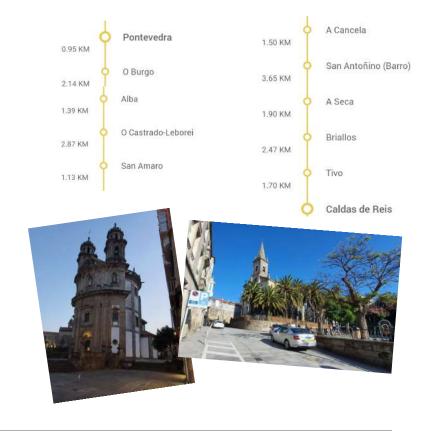
Walking Surface: Streets, Dirt Path, Roads

Scenery: City, Forest

**Highlight of the Day:** Soaking feet in Hot Springs in Caldas Lunch at O Munio!

Stay: Pension As Burgas \*\*\*\* B inc

Eat: O Muino\*\*\*\* - Fantastic Menu del Dia



# Stage 20

# Caldas del Rey > Santiago de Compostela

Services: A,H,Pa,S,R,B,C,P,Ti - Air, Rail, Bus

Population: 96.000 Province: A Coruna Region: Galicia Airport: SCQ

Stage Distance: 48.9 km - 30.4 miles

Stage Difficulty: Easy

Terrain: Mostly flat but with some hills

Walking Surface: Road, Walking Path, Streets

Scenery: Villages, Hilly Countryside

**Highlight of the Day:** Arriving in Santiago de Compostela <u>Getting Compostela</u> - Meeting up with fellow pilgrims again

### Worthwhile Seeing and doing:

Pilgrims Mass at the <u>Cathedral</u> <u>Cathedral Museum</u>

Portico de la Gloria Tour

**Pilgrims Museum** 





Coffee at the Parador Tea in garden at Costa Vella Hotel

Visit the <u>Pilgrims House</u>
Sunset on the <u>Plaza Obradoiro</u>
Walk to Finisterre!

#### Don't miss:

Get your Compostela Certificate at the <u>Pilgrims Reception Office!</u>
Eating at <u>A Horta d'Obratorio</u>
Pilgrims Mass



Stay: Albergue Seminario Menor\*\*\*\* W&D,B,K,V 15 min walk to Cathedral Cheap single rooms

Seminario Mayor\*\*\* B,L,D By Cathedral - Pilgrims get when asking when reserving

Hotel Alda Aligia\*\*\*\* W&D,B Central - Cozy rooms.

Parador Naciona Hospital Reall\*\*\*\* B,L,D By Cathedral - Splurge

Hotel Costa Vella \*\*\*\* B Center - Hotel with very nice garden

Eat: A Horta d'Obratorio (Michelin Guide Recommended) Reservation needed

Casa Manolo - Good for groups

Enxebre - Close to Cathedral - Parador

Chill: Cafe La Morena - Great Coffee

Cost Vella - Nice Garden - Quiet Spot

Pilgrims House - Luggage storage - Quiet Spot - Camino Debrief

Services Codes: A= Albergue H= Hotel Pa= Parador S= Supermarket R= Restaurant B= Bar C= Cafe P= Pharmacy
Ti= Tourist Info W= Washing Machine Only W&D= Washer-Dryer B=Breakfast L=Lunch D=Dinner K= Kitchen
V=Vending Machine \*\*\*\* = Fantastic Worth a visit!

I hope you enjoyed this guide and that you get good use out of it. If you have any questions or comments, please feel free to contact me at <a href="majerer.com">rolf@magener.com</a>